This is an English translation of summarized financial results prepared for reference purposes only. Should there be any inconsistency between the translation and the official Japanese text, the latter shall prevail.

April 14, 2016

Financial Report for the Fiscal Period Ended February 29, 2016

(For the Reporting Period from September 1, 2015 to February 29, 2016)

Hulic Reit, Inc. ("Investment Corporation")

Listing: Tokyo Stock Exchange

Securities code: 3295

URL: http://www.hulic-reit.co.jp Representative: Eiji Tokita, Executive Officer

Asset management company: Hulic Reit Management Co., Ltd.

Representative: Eiji Tokita, Representative Director, President and CEO

Contact: Kazuaki Chokki, Director, General Manager of Corporate Planning and

Administration Department

Phone: +81-3-6222-7250

Scheduled date to file securities report: May 31, 2016 Scheduled date to commence payment of distributions: May 13, 2016

Preparation of supplementary material on financial report: Yes

Holding of financial report presentation meeting: Yes (for institutional investors and analysts)

(Amounts truncated to the nearest million yen, except for the basic earnings per unit)

1. Summary of financial results for the fiscal period ended February 29, 2016 (September 1, 2015 - February 29, 2016)

(1) Operating results

(Percentages show changes from the previous fiscal period)

	Operating revenues		Operating income		Ordinary income		Profit	
Fiscal period ended	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%
February 29, 2016	4,819	2.2	2,667	1.6	2,319	0.6	2,318	0.6
August 31, 2015	4,713	16.3	2,626	(1.2)	2,304	0.8	2,303	0.8

	Basic earnings per unit	Return on equity	Ordinary income on total assets	Ordinary income on operating revenues
Fiscal period ended	Yen	%	%	%
February 29, 2016	2,968	2.6	1.3	48.1
August 31, 2015	2,950	2.6	1.4	48.9

(Note) Basic earnings per unit is calculated by dividing profit by the day-weighted average number of investment units outstanding during the period (fiscal period ended February 29, 2016: 781,000 units; fiscal period ended August 31, 2015: 781,000 units).

(2) Distributions

	Distributions per unit (excluding distributions in excess of earnings)	Total distributions (excluding distributions in excess of earnings)	Distributions in excess of earnings per unit	Total distributions in excess of earnings	Payout ratio	Distributions to net assets
Fiscal period ended	Yen	Millions of yen	Yen	Millions of yen	%	%
February 29, 2016	2,969	2,318	0	0	100.0	2.6
August 31, 2015	2,950	2,303	0	0	99.9	2.6

 $(Note) \begin{tabular}{ll} The payout ratio is calculated with the following formula and rounded down to nearest one decimal place. \\ Payout ratio = Total distributions (excluding distributions in excess of earnings) / Profit <math>\times$ 100

(3) Financial position

	Total assets	Net assets	Equity ratio	Net assets per unit
As of	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	%	Yen
February 29, 2016	178,813	88,936	49.7	113,874
August 31, 2015	166,256	88,921	53.5	113,855

(4) Cash flows

	Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period
Fiscal period ended	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Millions of yen
February 29, 2016	2,501	(12,432)	9,996	8,175
August 31, 2015	4,085	(8,211)	5,466	8,110

2. Forecasts of performance for the fiscal period ending August 31, 2016 (March 1, 2016 - August 31, 2016) and the fiscal period ending February 28, 2017 (September 1, 2016 - February 28, 2017)

(Percentages show changes from the previous fiscal period)

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	Opera reven	0	Operating income		Ordinary income		Profit		Distributions per unit (excluding distributions in excess of earnings)	Distributions in excess of earnings per unit
Fiscal period ending	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Yen	Yen
August 31, 2016	5,803	20.4	3,283	23.1	2,891	24.7	2,890	24.6	3,020	0
February 28, 2017	5,959	2.7	3,371	2.7	2,968	2.7	2,967	2.7	3,100	0

(Reference) Forecasted basic earnings per unit (Forecasted profit / Forecasted number of investment units at end of period)
For the fiscal period ending August 31, 2016:

\$\frac{\frac{\frac{1}}{3}}{3},020\$

For the fiscal period ending February 28, 2017: ¥3,100

* Other

(1) Changes in accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates, and retrospective restatement

(2) Total number of investment units issued

a. Total number of investment units issued at end of period (including treasury investment units)

As of February 29, 2016 781,000 units
As of August 31, 2015 781,000 units

b. Number of treasury investment units at end of period

As of February 29, 2016 0 units
As of August 31, 2015 0 units

(Note) Please refer to "Per Unit Information" on pages 27 through 28 for the number of investment units used as the basis for calculating basic earnings per unit.

* Status of audit procedures

As of the time of disclosure of this financial results report, audit procedures for the financial statements pursuant to the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan are not yet complete.

* Remarks on appropriate use of forecasts of performance and other special notes

Forward-looking statements presented in this financial report, including forecasts of performance, are based on information currently available to the Investment Corporation and on certain assumptions the Investment Corporation deems to be reasonable. As such, actual operating and other results may differ materially from these forecasts as a consequence of numerous factors. The above-mentioned forecasts are based on "Assumptions for forecasts of performance for the fiscal period ending August 31, 2016 (from March 1, 2016 to August 31, 2016) and the fiscal period ending February 28, 2017 (from September 1, 2016 to February 28, 2017)" on pages 8 through 9 for calculation, and our judgment as of this date. Actual operating revenues, operating income, ordinary income, profit, distributions per unit and distributions in excess of earnings per unit may vary according to changes in market conditions. These forecasts do not guarantee the distribution amount.

1. The Investment Corporation and Related Corporations

As there have been no significant changes from the "Management Structure of the Investment Corporation" described in the latest Securities Report (prepared in Japanese only) submitted on November 30, 2015, the disclosure is omitted.

2. Investment Policies and Status of Asset Management

(1) Investment Policies

As there have been no significant changes from policies described in "Investment Policy," "Investment Properties" and "Distribution Policy" in the latest Securities Report (prepared in Japanese only) submitted on November 30, 2015, the disclosure is omitted.

(2) Status of Asset Management

Summary of results for the reporting period

i) Transition of the Investment Corporation

The Investment Corporation was established on November 7, 2013, with Hulic Reit Management Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as the "Asset Manager") as the organizer under the Act on Investment Trusts and Investment Corporations of Japan (hereinafter referred to as the "Investment Trust Act"). On November 25, 2013, the Investment Corporation was registered with the Director-General of the Kanto Local Finance Bureau (registration number: Director-General of the Kanto Local Finance Bureau No. 88). The Investment Corporation issued new investment units through a public offering with the payment date on February 6, 2014, which were listed on the Real Estate Investment Trust Securities (J-REIT) Market of Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc. (Securities code: 3295) on February 7, 2014. New investment units were issued through a third-party allotment on March 7, 2014. In addition, the Investment Corporation carried out capital increases through its first public offering since its listing on November 6, 2014, and through third-party allotment on November 21, 2014. As a result, the number of investment units issued at the end of the reporting period was 781,000.

The Investment Corporation primarily invests in and manages office buildings and retail facilities.

ii) Performance for the reporting period

During the reporting period, the Investment Corporation acquired Hulic Toranomon Building on December 25, 2015 (acquisition price: ¥12,740 million). As a result, the number of properties held by the Investment Corporation at the end of the reporting period was 32, and the total acquisition price was ¥168,958 million. The occupancy rate of the entire portfolio improved 1.2 percentage points from the end of the previous fiscal period, it remained at a high level to end the reporting period at 99.4%.

iii) Status of financing

During the reporting period, the Investment Corporation secured short-term loans totaling ¥12,300 million on December 25, 2015 as additional funds for asset acquisitions. On February 29, 2016, the Investment Corporation made early repayment of the whole amount of the short-term loans through refinancing ¥12,300 million as long-term loans payable. With regard to the long-term loans payable, the Investment Corporation fixed the interest rate for all such borrowings through interest rate swaps, etc. undertaken to hedge the risk of future interest rate volatility.

As a result, at the end of the reporting period, interest-bearing debt totaled \(\frac{\pma}{\text{80}}\),770 million (comprising \(\frac{\pma}{\text{3}}\),960 million in short-term loans payable, \(\frac{\pma}{\text{74}}\),810 million in long-term loans payable and \(\frac{\pma}{\text{2}}\),000 million in investment corporation bonds), resulting in a loan-to-value (LTV) ratio of 45.2%.

Issuer credit ratings of the Investment Corporation as of the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Credit rating agency	Contents of credit rating
Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd.	Long-term issuer rating: A+, Rating outlook: Positive

iv) Overview of financial results and distributions

As a result of the above asset management, operating revenues for the reporting period were ¥4,819 million (up 2.2% compared with the previous fiscal period), operating income was ¥2,667 million (up 1.6% compared with the previous fiscal period), ordinary income after deducting interest expenses for borrowings, etc. was ¥2,319 million (up 0.6% compared with the previous fiscal period), and profit was ¥2,318 million (up 0.6% compared with the previous fiscal period).

Furthermore, in accordance with the distribution policy set forth in the Investment Corporation's Articles of Incorporation, the Investment Corporation has decided to pay distributions for the reporting period in an amount roughly equal to unappropriated retained earnings, with the aim of including distributions of profits in tax deductible expenses pursuant to special measures for the taxation system for investment corporations (Article 67-15 of the Act on Special Measures Concerning Taxation). Consequently, distributions per unit came to ¥2,969.

v) Comparison with previous forecasts (Operating results (earnings) forecasts announced on March 11,2016)

Compared to our previous forecasts, our actual expenses related to rent business including repair expense were lower, thus resulting in higher income.

	Previous forecasts (A) (Note)	Actual results (B)	Difference (amount) (B-A)	Difference (%)
Operating revenues	¥4,805 million	¥4,819 million ¥14 millio		0.3%
Operating income	¥2,622 million	¥2,667 million	¥45 million	1.7%
Ordinary income	¥2,274 million	¥2,319 million	¥45 million	2.0%
Profit	¥2,273 million	¥2,318 million	¥45 million	2.0%
Distributions per unit	¥2,910	¥2,969	¥59	2.0%
Of the above, distributions in excess of earnings	¥0	¥0	-	_

(Note) The previous forecasts are the revised figures set forth in our press release dated March 11, 2016, "Notice Concerning Revision to the Forecasts of Financial Results for the Fiscal Period Ended February 29, 2016 and the Fiscal Period Ending August 31, 2016 and Announcement of Forecasts of Financial Results for the Fiscal Period Ending February 28, 2017."

Outlook for the fiscal period ending August 31, 2016

i) Outlook for overall operations

In terms of the outlook for the rental office market, the vacancy rate is projected to gradually decrease due to expectations for continued strong demand for offices. In the real estate selling market, property prices seem likely to continue to be on an upward trend due to expectations for rising rents, the favorable fund procurement conditions as a result of lower interest rates created by fiscal easing policies, and other factors.

Against this backdrop, the Investment Corporation will focus on commercial properties in the greater Tokyo area (Note 1), aiming to maximize unitholder value over the medium to long term, and invest in next-generation assets (Note 2), aiming to support stable earnings over the long term. As part of these efforts to maximize investor value over the medium to long term, the Investment Corporation will implement efforts combining the Asset Manager's own measures to drive external and internal growth while using the support of the Hulic Group. The Investment Corporation will maintain and grow profits over the medium to long term and increase the size and value of the asset portfolio.

In terms of financing strategy, the Investment Corporation will seek to maintain the LTV ratio at an appropriate level and shift to longer loan-terms with fixed interest rates and staggered repayment dates in order to maintain a stable and healthy financial position.

(Note 1) Commercial properties in the greater Tokyo area ("Tokyo Commercial Properties") are office properties and retail properties under a concept specific to the Investment Corporation that comprehensively includes properties consistent with the basic philosophy of the Investment Corporation. Specifically, office properties are those in Tokyo's 23 wards that are in principle located within a five-minute walking distance from the nearest train station, in areas where the office properties are sufficiently competitive. Retail properties are those located in the Tokyo metropolitan area and major cities in the surrounding area that are

in principle located within a five-minute walking distance from the nearest train station or in areas with a high concentration of retail activities. Such retail properties are also highly visible in public and have the potential to generate demand from prospective tenants that offer products and services suitable for the characteristics of their respective retail areas.

(Note 2) "Next-Generation Assets" are properties specified for investment by the Investment Corporation based on its basic philosophy. Specifically, they are lease properties for which the Investment Corporation estimates there will be continuing firm demand going forward based on society's growing needs and for which, in principle, a long-term lease agreement be concluded with a single business tenant. At present, the Investment Corporation classifies private nursing homes and network centers as Next-Generation Assets. The Investment Corporation may broaden or change the scope of its Next-Generation Assets if it judges that the societal needs will grow or that there will be firm demand in the future.

ii) Significant events after the reporting period

Issuance of new investment units

The Investment Corporation passed resolutions at a meeting of its Board of Directors held on March 11, 2016 and March 22, 2016, to issue new investment units to partly fund the acquisition of specified assets and repayment of borrowings, as follows. The payments for the newly issued investment units were completed on March 29, 2016 and April 13, 2016, respectively.

As a result, the Investment Corporation unitholders' capital became \quantum 117,537 million and the total number of investment units issued became 957,000.

(New investment unit issuance through public offering)

Number of new investment units issued:

Issue price (offer price):

Total amount of issue price (offer price):

Amount paid in (issue value):

Total amount paid in (issue value):

Y29,444,303,200

Payment date:

March 29, 2016

Distribution calculation start date:

March 1, 2016

(New investment unit issuance through third-party allotment)

Number of new investment units issued:

Amount paid in (issue value):

Total amount paid in (issue value):

Payment date:

Distribution calculation start date:

8,400 units

¥175,682 per unit

¥1,475,728,800

April 13, 2016

March 1, 2016

Allottee: Mizuho Securities Co., Ltd.

(Reference information)

(A) Acquisitions of properties

The Investment Corporation acquired the below-mentioned beneficiary rights of real estate in trust (3 properties; total acquisition price: \footnote{3}1,852 million). The acquisition prices provided do not include expenses incurred on the acquisitions of the said real estate, etc. (acquisition expenses, fixed asset tax, city planning tax, consumption taxes), and are equal to the acquisition prices stated on the trust beneficiary right sales agreements.

Property name	Location	Date of acquisition	Acquisition price (Millions of yen)	Seller
Hulic Kamiyacho Building (Additional acquisition)	Minato-ku, Tokyo	March 15, 2016	16,650	Hulic Co., Ltd.
Leaf Minatomirai (Land)	Yokohama-shi, Kanagawa	March 30, 2016	11,700	Hulic Co., Ltd.
Orchid Square	Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	March 30, 2016	3,502	Hulic Co., Ltd.
Total	-	Т	31,852	-

(B) Borrowing of funds

In order to cover part of the acquisition price, etc. for Hulic Kamiyacho Building (Additional Acquisition) above in (A), the Investment Corporation executed the following borrowings.

Lender	Borrowing amount (Millions of yen)	Interest rate	Drawdown date	Repayment date	Repayment method	Remarks
Syndicate of lenders arranged by Mizuho Bank, Ltd., Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation and The Bank of Tokyo- Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd.	16,450	Base rate of interest (JBA one-month Japanese Yen TIBOR) + 0.15%	March 15, 2016	March 15, 2017	Lump-sum repayment	Unsecured and unguaranteed

(Note) The syndicate of lenders consists of Mizuho Bank, Ltd., Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation and The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd.

(C) Early partial repayment of borrowings

On March 31, 2016, the Investment Corporation repaid ¥14,250 million of the borrowings shown in (B) above as an early partial repayment, using the remaining balance of proceeds from the issuance of new investment units through public offering mentioned above and cash reserve.

In addition, on April 14, 2016, the Investment Corporation decided to repay ¥1,500 million of the borrowings shown in (B) above on April 28, 2016 as an early partial repayment, using the proceeds from the issuance of new investment units through third-party allotment mentioned above and cash reserve.

iii) Operating results (earnings) forecasts

The Investment Corporation's forecasts for the fiscal period ending August 31, 2016 (from March 1, 2016 to August 31, 2016) and the fiscal period ending February 28, 2017 (from September 1, 2016 to February 28, 2017) are as follows:

	Fiscal period ending August 31, 2016	Fiscal period ending February 28, 2017	
Operating revenues	¥5,803 million	¥5,959 million	
Operating income	¥3,283 million	¥3,371 million	
Ordinary income	¥2,891 million	¥2,968 million	
Profit	¥2,890 million	¥2,967 million	
Distributions per unit	¥3,020	¥3,100	
Of the above, distributions in excess of earnings	¥0	¥0	

Please refer to "Assumptions for forecasts of performance for the fiscal period ending August 31, 2016 (from March 1, 2016 to August 31, 2016) and the fiscal period ending February 28, 2017 (from September 1, 2016 to February 28, 2017)" on pages 8 through 9 for information on current assumptions for the forecasts of operating results.

(Note) The above-mentioned forecasts are based on certain calculation assumptions and our judgment based on information currently available to the Investment Corporation. Actual operating revenues, operating income, ordinary income, profit, distributions per unit and distributions in excess of earnings per unit may vary in response to changes in conditions. These forecasts do not guarantee the distribution amount. Assumptions for forecasts of performance for the fiscal period ending August 31, 2016 (from March 1, 2016 to August 31, 2016) and the fiscal period ending February 28, 2017 (from September 1, 2016 to February 28, 2017)

Item	Assumptions
Accounting period	 Fiscal period ending August 31, 2016: 184 days from March 1, 2016 to August 31, 2016 Fiscal period ending February 28, 2017: 181 days from September 1, 2016 to February 28, 2017
Portfolio	 We have assumed 34 properties we hold as of the date of this report (hereinafter referred to as the "Assets Held"). In our forecasts of performance, we have assumed that there will be no changes in the composition of our portfolio (no acquisitions of new assets and no sales of Assets Held) until February 28, 2017 (the end of the sixth fiscal period). There may be changes in the portfolio, however, caused by buying or selling of properties.
Operating revenues	 Real estate lease business revenues from Assets Held have been calculated in consideration of lease agreements effective as of the date of this report, trends of the lease market and other factors. Operating revenues assume no delinquencies or non-payment of rent by tenants.
Operating expenses	 Of the expenses related to rent business, the principal component of operating expenses, for Assets Held, expenses other than depreciation expenses have been calculated in such a way as to reflect variable factors in the expenses on the basis of past performance figures. In addition, such expenses for the assets acquired in the fiscal period ending August 31, 2016 have been calculated in such a way as to reflect variable factors in the expenses based on information received from the previous owners of the assets and others, and also based on past performance figures. We have calculated depreciation expenses using the straight-line method, including ancillary expenses, and assumed that we will incur depreciation expenses of \(\frac{4}{5}73\) million for the fiscal period ending August 31, 2016 (the fifth fiscal period) and \(\frac{4}{5}79\) million for the fiscal period ending February 28, 2017 (the sixth fiscal period) at \(\frac{4}{5}79\) million for the fiscal period ending February 28, 2017 (the sixth fiscal period). In general, fixed asset tax, city planning tax, etc. for the assets we acquire are settled at the time of acquisition between the previous owner (seller) and the purchaser based on their respective periods of ownership in relation to the relevant tax year. However, any of these taxes allocated to the purchaser are not recognized in expenses at the time of acquisition because they are treated as a part of the acquisition cost for accounting purposes. For the assets acquired during the fiscal period ending August 31, 2016 (will be recognized as expenses from the fiscal period ending August 31, 2017 (the seventh fiscal period), and not yet in the fiscal period ending August 31, 2016 (the fifth fiscal period) and the fiscal period ending February 28, 2017 (the sixth fiscal period). Repair expenses for buildings are recognized for each fiscal period in amounts assumed as necessary based on the repair plan formulated by the Asset Manager (Hulic Reit Management Co.,

Item	Assumptions
Non-operating expenses	 We expect to record interest expenses and other borrowing-related expenses of ¥379 million in the fiscal period ending August 31, 2016 (the fifth fiscal period) and ¥390 million in the fiscal period ending February 28, 2017 (the sixth fiscal period). We expect to record amortization of investment corporation bond issuance costs and amortization of investment unit issuance costs relating to issuance of investment corporation bonds and new investment units, etc. of ¥13 million in the fiscal period ending August 31, 2016 (the fifth fiscal period) and ¥12 million in the fiscal period ending February 28, 2017 (the sixth fiscal period).
Interest-bearing debt	 The balance of interest-bearing debt of the Investment Corporation as of the date of this report is ¥82,970 million (comprising ¥6,160 million in short-term loans payable, ¥74,810 million in long-term loans payable and ¥2,000 million in investment corporation bonds). On April 28, 2016, the Investment Corporation plans to make an early partial repayment of ¥1,500 million on its short-term loans payable using the proceeds from issuance of new investment units through Third-party Allotment that has been paid in and cash reserve as payment funds. Of ¥13,150 million in loans payable (short-term loans payable of ¥4,660 million and current portion of long-term loans payable of ¥8,490 million) for which repayment is due by February 28, 2017 (at the end of the sixth fiscal period) we assume the refinancing of the entire amounts of short-term loans payable of ¥3,960 million and current portion of long-term loans payable of ¥8,490 million at the time of the due date. We assume that the remaining ¥700 million of short-term loans payable will be refinanced as long-term loans payable by August 31, 2016. As a result of the above, we assume that the balance of interest-bearing debt as of August 31, 2016, and February 28, 2017, will be ¥81,470 million. We have assumed LTV ratios of approximately 38.4% as of August 31, 2016, and February 28, 2017. The LTV ratio was obtained by the following formula: LTV = Interest-bearing debt at end of period / Total assets at end of period (projected amount) × 100
Issuance of investment units	• This is based on our assumption of 957,000 units, which is the total number of investment units issued as of the date of this report. We have assumed there will be no issuance of additional investment units until the end of the fiscal period ending February 28, 2017 (the sixth fiscal period).
Distributions per unit (excluding distributions in excess of earnings)	 We have calculated distributions per unit (excluding distributions in excess of earnings) in accordance with the cash distribution policy prescribed in the Investment Corporation's Articles of Incorporation. Actual distributions per unit (excluding distributions in excess of earnings) may fluctuate due to various factors including changes in the asset portfolio, fluctuations in rent revenues associated with changes in tenants, or unforeseen occurrence of repairs.
Distributions in excess of earnings per unit	We currently have no plans to pay cash distributions in excess of earnings (regarding distributions in excess of earnings per unit).
Others	 We have assumed that no revisions that impact these forecasts will be made to law and regulations, tax systems, accounting standards, securities listing regulations and the rules of The Investment Trusts Association, Japan, or others. We have assumed that no significant unforeseeable changes will occur in general economic trends or conditions in the real estate market.

3. Unaudited Financial Information

(1) Balance Sheet (unaudited)

		(Unit: thousands of ye
	Previous fiscal period	Reporting period
	(As of August 31, 2015)	(As of February 29, 2016)
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and deposits	4,394,069	4,510,142
Cash and deposits in trust	3,716,473	3,665,614
Operating accounts receivable	20,029	45,715
Prepaid expenses	37,320	27,158
Deferred tax assets	15	13
Consumption taxes receivable	_	16,725
Other	612	1,728
Total current assets	8,168,520	8,267,096
Noncurrent assets		
Property, plant and equipment		
Buildings in trust	34,830,610	37,187,728
Accumulated depreciation	(1,200,450)	(1,710,944)
Buildings in trust, net	33,630,159	35,476,784
Structures in trust	242,484	244,849
Accumulated depreciation	(26,304)	(36,078)
Structures in trust, net	216,180	208,770
Machinery and equipment in trust	142,234	189,591
Accumulated depreciation	(18,938)	(29,574)
Machinery and equipment in trust, net	123,296	160,017
Tools, furniture and fixtures in trust	9,113	10,002
Accumulated depreciation	(1,268)	(2,067)
Tools, furniture and fixtures in trust, net	7,844	7,934
Land in trust	115,124,682	125,623,874
Total property, plant and equipment	149,102,164	161,477,381
Intangible assets		
Leasehold rights in trust	8,471,289	8,471,289
Other	7,170	6,151
Total intangible assets	8,478,460	8,477,441
Investments and other assets		*,,
Lease and guarantee deposits	20,000	20,000
Long-term prepaid expenses	467,007	552,380
Total investments and other assets	487,007	572,380
Total noncurrent assets	158,067,631	170,527,203
Deferred assets	130,007,031	170,527,205
Investment corporation bond issuance costs	19,956	18,962
Total deferred assets	19,956	18,962
Total assets	166,256,109	178,813,262

	(Unit: thousands of yen)
Previous fiscal period	Reporting period
(As of August 31, 2015)	(As of February 29, 2016)
351,800	155,934
3,960,000	3,960,000
_	8,490,000
484,714	491,573
50,023	47,537
827	778
50,934	8,592
806,762	776,731
40	_
5,705,103	13,931,147
2,000,000	2,000,000
62,510,000	66,320,000
7,119,816	7,626,103
71,629,816	75,946,103
77,334,919	89,877,251
86,617,040	86,617,040
2,304,150	2,318,971
2,304,150	2,318,971
88,921,190	88,936,011
*2 88,921,190	*2 88,936,011
166,256,109	178,813,262
	(As of August 31, 2015) 351,800 3,960,000 484,714 50,023 827 50,934 806,762 40 5,705,103 2,000,000 62,510,000 7,119,816 71,629,816 77,334,919 86,617,040 2,304,150 2,304,150 2,304,150 88,921,190

(2) Statement of Income and Retained Earnings (unaudited)

		(Unit: thousands of ye
	Previous fiscal period	Reporting period
	(From March 1, 2015	(From September 1, 2015
	to August 31, 2015)	to February 29, 2016)
Operating revenues		
Rent revenue - real estate	*1, *2 4,522,097	*1, *2 4,617,146
Other lease business revenues	*1 191,800	*1 202,375
Total operating revenues	4,713,897	4,819,522
Operating expenses		
Expenses related to rent business	*1 1,551,508	*1 1,615,701
Asset management fee	393,028	405,463
Asset custody fee	9,225	9,606
Administrative service fees	29,993	30,922
Directors' compensations	6,000	6,000
Other operating expenses	98,098	84,764
Total operating expenses	2,087,854	2,152,459
Operating income	2,626,043	2,667,063
Non-operating income		
Interest income	566	680
Interest on refund	47	-
Total non-operating income	613	680
Non-operating expenses		
Interest expenses	246,862	258,611
Interest expenses on investment corporation bonds	51	9,448
Borrowing related expenses	74,798	79,033
Amortization of investment corporation bond issuance costs	5	994
Total non-operating expenses	321,718	348,088
Ordinary income	2,304,939	2,319,655
Income before income taxes	2,304,939	2,319,655
Income taxes - current	942	882
Income taxes - deferred	0	2
Total income taxes	942	884
Profit	2,303,996	2,318,771
Retained earnings brought forward	154	200
Unappropriated retained earnings	2,304,150	2,318,971

(3) Statement of Changes in Net Assets (unaudited)

Previous fiscal period (From March 1, 2015 to August 31, 2015)

(Unit: thousands of yen)

	Unitholders' equity				
		Surplus		Total	T. () (
	Unitholders' capital	Unappropriated retained earnings	Total surplus	unitholders' equity	Total net assets
Balance at the beginning of current period	86,617,040	2,285,360	2,285,360	88,902,400	88,902,400
Changes of items during the period					
Distribution of surplus	_	(2,285,206)	(2,285,206)	(2,285,206)	(2,285,206)
Profit	_	2,303,996	2,303,996	2,303,996	2,303,996
Total changes of items during the period	-	18,790	18,790	18,790	18,790
Balance at the end of current period	*1 86,617,040	2,304,150	2,304,150	88,921,190	88,921,190

Reporting period (From September 1, 2015 to February 29, 2016)

(Unit: thousands of yen)

		Unitholde	rs' equity			
		Surp	olus	T-4-1	T-4-1 44-	
	Unitholders' capital	Unappropriated retained earnings	Total surplus	Total unitholders' equity	Total net assets	
Balance at the beginning of current period	86,617,040	2,304,150	2,304,150	88,921,190	88,921,190	
Changes of items during the period						
Distribution of surplus	_	(2,303,950)	(2,303,950)	(2,303,950)	(2,303,950)	
Profit	-	2,318,771	2,318,771	2,318,771	2,318,771	
Total changes of items during the period	_	14,821	14,821	14,821	14,821	
Balance at the end of current period	*1 86,617,040	2,318,971	2,318,971	88,936,011	88,936,011	

(4) Statement of Cash Distributions (unaudited)

By period Item	Previous fiscal period (From March 1, 2015 to August 31, 2015)	Reporting period (From September 1, 2015 to February 29, 2016)
I Unappropriated retained earnings	¥2,304,150,312	¥2,318,971,617
II Distribution amount (Distributions per unit)	¥2,303,950,000 (¥2,950)	¥2,318,789,000 (¥2,969)
IIIRetained earnings carried forward	¥200,312	¥182,617
Method of calculating distribution amount	Pursuant to the distribution policy prescribed in Article 35, Paragraph 1 of the Investment Corporation's Articles of Incorporation, the distribution amount shall be in excess of an amount equivalent to 90% of earnings available for distributions as defined in Article 67-15 of the Act on Special Measures Concerning Taxation, but not in excess of the amount of earnings. Based on this policy, the Investment Corporation has declared the total distributions to be \(\frac{\pmathbf{2}}{2},303,950,000\), which is the largest integral multiple of the total number of investment units issued and outstanding (781,000 units), and not in excess of unappropriated retained earnings. In addition, the Investment Corporation shall not distribute cash in an amount in excess of earnings prescribed in Article 35, Paragraph 2 of the Investment Corporation's Articles of Incorporation.	Pursuant to the distribution policy prescribed in Article 35, Paragraph 1 of the Investment Corporation's Articles of Incorporation, the distribution amount shall be in excess of an amount equivalent to 90% of earnings available for distributions as defined in Article 67-15 of the Act on Special Measures Concerning Taxation, but not in excess of the amount of earnings. Based on this policy, the Investment Corporation has declared the total distributions to be \(\frac{\pmathbf{2}}{2},318,789,000\), which is the largest integral multiple of the total number of investment units issued and outstanding (781,000 units), and not in excess of unappropriated retained earnings. In addition, the Investment Corporation shall not distribute cash in an amount in excess of earnings prescribed in Article 35, Paragraph 2 of the Investment Corporation's Articles of Incorporation.

(5) Statement of Cash Flows (unaudited)

	D	(Unit: thousands of y
	Previous fiscal period	Reporting period
	(From March 1, 2015)	(From September 1, 2015)
	to August 31, 2015)	to February 29, 2016)
Cash flows from operating activities	2 204 020	2 210 655
Income before income taxes	2,304,939	2,319,655
Depreciation	507,759	532,722
Amortization of investment corporation bond issuance costs	5	994
Interest income	(566)	(680
Interest income Interest expenses	246,914	268,059
Decrease (increase) in operating accounts receivable	(11,794)	(25,686
Decrease (increase) in consumption taxes refund	(11,774)	(23,000
receivable	959,201	(16,725
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses	(12,256)	10,162
Increase (decrease) in operating accounts payable	175,150	(164,214
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable - other	23,861	6,712
Increase (decrease) in accrued consumption taxes	50,934	(42,341
Increase (decrease) in advances received	76,802	(30,030
Increase (decrease) in deposits received	(4,681)	(40
Decrease (increase) in long-term prepaid expenses	(15,585)	(85,373
Other, net	31,407	(2,905
Subtotal	4,332,093	2,770,311
Interest income received	566	680
Interest expenses paid	(246,463)	(268,861
Income taxes (paid) refund	(826)	(827
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	4,085,369	2,501,302
ash flows from investing activities		· ·
Purchase of property, plant and equipment in trust	(8,485,808)	(12,938,573
Repayments of tenant leasehold and security	(122,102)	
deposits in trust	(132,193)	(133,596
Proceeds from tenant leasehold and security deposits	406 160	C20.004
in trust	406,169	639,884
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(8,211,832)	(12,432,285
ash flows from financing activities		
Increase in short-term loans payable	5,770,000	16,260,000
Decrease in short-term loans payable	(5,770,000)	(16,260,000
Proceeds from long-term loans payable	5,770,000	12,300,000
Proceeds from issuance of investment corporation bonds	1,980,037	-
Dividends paid	(2,283,897)	(2,303,803
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	5,466,139	9,996,196
fet increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,339,676	65,213
ash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	6,770,865	8,110,542
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	*1 8,110,542	*1 8,175,756

(6) Notes on Going Concern Assumption (unaudited)

Not applicable.

(7) Notes on Significant Accounting Policies (unaudited)

1.	Method of depreciation of noncurrent assets	 Property, plant and equipment (incl The straight-line method is used. The plant and equipment are listed below Buildings Structures Machinery and equipment Tools, furniture and fixtures Intangible assets The straight-line method is used. Inte the estimated useful life (5 years). Long-term prepaid expenses The straight-line method is used. 	e estimated useful lives of property, 3 to 64 years 4 to 19 years 3 to 10 years 6 to 15 years	
2.	Accounting method for deferred assets	Investment corporation bond issuance co Amortized by the straight-line metho		
3.	Recognition of revenue and expenses		vied corresponding to the relevant enses related to rent business. tax and related taxes for the fiscal we paid settlement money to the te, etc. is not recorded as expenses in the acquisition costs for the related fixed asset tax included in acquisition as and for the previous fiscal period,	
4.	Method of hedge accounting	swaps that satisfy requirements for spatreatment is used. (2) Hedging instruments and hedged ite Hedging instruments: Interest rate swaped Hedged items: Interest on borrowing (3) Hedging policy The Investment Corporation conduct purpose of hedging risks provided for the Investment Corporation pursuant management. (4) Method of assessing hedge effectiveness.	d hedge accounting is used for interest rate swaps. For interest rate nat satisfy requirements for special treatments, however, special nt is used. In instruments and hedged items grinstruments: Interest rate swaps items: Interest on borrowings in policy estment Corporation conducts derivative transactions for the of hedging risks provided for in the Articles of Incorporation of stment Corporation pursuant to the basic policy of risk ment.	
5.	Scope of cash and cash equivalents in the statement of cash flows	cash on hand, cash in trust, demand deposits, deposits in trust, and short-term		

- 6. Other significant information for preparation of financial statements
- (1) Accounting method for trust beneficiary rights in real estate

 With regard to trust beneficiary rights in real estate, all assets and
 liabilities within assets in trust as well as all revenue and expense items
 associated with assets in trust are accounted for under the respective
 account items of the balance sheet and statement of income and retained
 earnings.

Of the assets in trust accounted for under the respective account items, the following significant items are separately indicated on the balance sheet:

- i) Cash and deposits in trust
- ii) Buildings in trust; structures in trust; machinery and equipment in trust; tools, furniture and fixtures in trust; and land in trust
- iii) Leasehold rights in trust
- iv) Tenant leasehold and security deposits in trust
- (2) Accounting method for consumption taxes

Consumption tax and local consumption tax are accounted for by the taxexclusion method. Consumption taxes unqualified for deduction for tax purposes for acquisition of assets are included in acquisition cost for each asset.

(8) Notes to Financial Information (unaudited)

Notes to Balance Sheet (unaudited)

1. Commitment line contracts

The Investment Corporation has commitment line contracts with the banks with which it does business.

	Previous fiscal period (As of August 31, 2015)	Reporting period (As of February 29, 2016)
Total amount of commitment line contracts	¥10,000,000 thousand	¥10,000,000 thousand
Balance of borrowings outstanding	_	-
Difference	¥10,000,000 thousand	¥10,000,000 thousand

*2. Minimum net assets as provided in Article 67, Paragraph 4 of the Act on Investment Trusts and Investment Corporations

Previous fiscal period (As of August 31, 2015)	Reporting period (As of February 29, 2016)
¥50,000 thousand	¥50,000 thousand

Notes to Statement of Income and Retained Earnings (unaudited)

*1. Components of income (loss) from real estate lease business

			(Unit: thousands of yen)
		Previous fiscal period (From March 1, 2015 to August 31, 2015)	Reporting period (From September 1, 2015 to February 29, 2016)
١.	Real estate lease business revenues		
	Rent revenue - real estate		
	Rent	3,843,946	3,924,340
	Land rent	265,002	265,002
	Common service fees	413,148	427,804
	Total	4,522,097	4,617,146
	Other lease business revenues		
	Revenue from utilities charges	137,312	145,972
	Other revenue	54,487	56,403
	Total	191,800	202,375
	Total real estate lease business revenues	4,713,897	4,819,522
	Expenses related to real estate lease business		
	Expenses related to rent business		
	Management consignment expenses	239,248	250,425
	Utilities expenses	157,089	154,839
	Taxes and public dues	381,230	386,254
	Insurance expenses	7,819	8,075
	Repair expenses	52,694	56,497
	Depreciation	506,741	531,704
	Other expenses related to rent business	206,686	227,905
	Total expenses related to real estate lease business	1,551,508	1,615,701
	Income (loss) from real estate lease business (A – B)	3,162,389	3,203,821

*2. Transactions with major corporate unitholders

		(Unit: thousands of yen)
	Previous fiscal period	Reporting period
	(From March 1, 2015 to	(From September 1, 2015 to
	August 31, 2015)	February 29, 2016)
From operating transactions Rent revenue - real estate	795,933	795,933

Notes to Statement of Changes in Net Assets (unaudited)

*1. Total number of authorized investment units and total number of investment units issued

	Previous fiscal period (From March 1, 2015 to August 31, 2015)	Reporting period (From September 1, 2015 to February 29, 2016)
Total number of authorized investment units at end of period	20,000,000 units	20,000,000 units
Total number of investment units issued at end of period	781,000 units	781,000 units

Notes to Statement of Cash Flows (unaudited)

 Reconciliation between cash and cash equivalents at end of period and relevant amount on the balance sheet

		(Unit: thousands of yen)
	Previous fiscal period (From March 1, 2015 to August 31, 2015)	Reporting period (From September 1, 2015 to February 29, 2016)
Cash and deposits	4,394,069	4,510,142
Cash and deposits in trust	3,716,473	3,665,614
Total cash and cash equivalent	8,110,542	8,175,756

Notes on Financial Instruments (unaudited)

- 1. Matters regarding status of financial instruments
 - (1) Policy for handling financial instruments

The Investment Corporation procures funds for acquisition of assets, repairs and repayment of debt primarily through borrowings from financial institutions, issuance of investment corporation bonds and issuance of investment units. In procuring interest-bearing debt, the Investment Corporation takes into account a balance between flexibility in procurement of funds and financial stability.

Furthermore, the Investment Corporation conducts derivative transactions only for the purpose of hedging fluctuation risk of interest rates for borrowings and does not conduct any speculative transactions.

(2) Description of financial instruments and associated risks, and risk management structure

Deposits are used for investment of our surplus funds. These deposits are exposed to credit risk such as bankruptcy of the depository financial institutions. Deposits are carried out with safety and redeemability taken into consideration and are limited to those with short-term deposit periods.

Borrowings and investment corporation bonds are mainly for the purpose of acquiring properties and refinancing of existing borrowings. Of these, borrowings with floating interest rates are exposed to interest rate fluctuation risk. To avoid this fluctuation risk, the Investment Corporation uses derivative transactions (interest rate swaps) as hedging instruments, which, in effect, converts fluctuating interest rates into fixed interest rates.

For the method of hedge accounting, hedging instruments and hedged items, hedging policy and the method of assessing hedge effectiveness, please refer to "4. Method of hedge accounting" in "(7) Notes on Significant Accounting Policies" above.

(3) Supplemental explanation on matters regarding fair values, etc. of financial instruments

The fair values of financial instruments are based on market prices, if available. If there is no available market price for certain financial instruments, such fair value is based on the value rationally measured. Since variables are factored into measurements of fair value, the value may vary if different assumptions are used. The contract amounts related to derivatives mentioned in "Notes on Derivative Transactions" below should not be considered indicative of the market risk associated with the derivative transactions.

2. Matters regarding fair value, etc. of financial instruments

Balance sheet carrying amount, fair value, and the difference between the two values as of August 31, 2015 are as shown below.

(Unit: thousands of yen)

	Balance sheet carrying amount	Fair value	Difference
(1) Cash and deposits	4,394,069	4,394,069	_
(2) Cash and deposits in trust	3,716,473	3,716,473	_
Total assets	8,110,542	8,110,542	_
(1) Short-term loans payable	3,960,000	3,960,000	_
(3) Investment corporation bonds	2,000,000	1,992,600	(7,400)
(4) Long-term loans payable	62,510,000	61,061,520	(1,448,480)
Total liabilities	68,470,000	67,014,120	(1,455,880)
Derivative transactions	_	_	_

Balance sheet carrying amount, fair value, and the difference between the two values as of February 29, 2016 are as shown below.

(Unit: thousands of yen)

	Balance sheet carrying amount	Fair value	Difference
(1) Cash and deposits	4,510,142	4,510,142	_
(2) Cash and deposits in trust	3,665,614	3,665,614	_
Total assets	8,175,756	8,175,756	_
(1) Short-term loans payable	3,960,000	3,960,000	_
(2) Current portion of long-term loans payable	8,490,000	8,519,372	29,372
(3) Investment corporation bonds	2,000,000	2,043,000	43,000
(4) Long-term loans payable	66,320,000	65,509,484	(810,516)
Total liabilities	80,770,000	80,031,857	(738,143)
Derivative transactions	_	_	_

(Note 1) Measurement of fair values of financial instruments and matters regarding derivative transactions

<u>Assets</u>

(1) Cash and deposits, and (2) Cash and deposits in trust

The book value is used as the fair value of these assets, given that the fair value is almost equivalent to the amount of the book value, as they are settled in a short time.

Liabilities

(1) Short-term loans payable

The book value is used as the fair value of these liabilities, given that the fair value is almost equivalent to the amount of the book value, as they are settled in a short time and carry floating interest rates.

(2) Current portion of long-term loans payable, and (4) Long-term loans payable

Since long-term loans payable that carry floating interest rates are reviewed on a short-term interval to reflect market interest rates, and the Investment Corporation's credit standing did not change significantly after the execution of loans, their fair value is considered approximate to the book value. Therefore, the book value is used as the fair value of these liabilities (however, for long-term loans payable with floating interest rates to which special treatment for interest rate swaps is applied (please refer to "Notes on Derivative Transactions" below), the fair value is calculated by discounting the sum of principal and interest, which are treated in combination with such interest rate swap, at a reasonable rate estimated for a similar new loan that is made corresponding to the remaining period).

The fair value of long-term loans payable carrying fixed interest rates is calculated by discounting the sum of principal and interest at a reasonable rate estimated for a similar new loan that is made corresponding to the remaining period.

(3) Investment corporation bonds

Fair value has been calculated on the basis of reference quotations of sales-purchase transactions and other such data, as provided by financial institutions and other such entities.

Derivative transactions

Please refer to "Notes on Derivative Transactions" below.

(Note 2) Redemption of monetary claims scheduled to be due after the balance sheet date Previous fiscal period (As of August 31, 2015)

(Unit: thousands of yen)

	Due within 1 year	Due after 1 year, but within 2 years	Due after 2 years, but within 3 years	Due after 3 years, but within 4 years	Due after 4 years, but within 5 years	Due after 5 years
Cash and deposits	4,394,069	_	_	-		_
Cash and deposits in trust	3,716,473	_	_	_	_	_
Total	8,110,542	_	_	_	_	_

Reporting period (As of February 29, 2016)

(Unit: thousands of yen)

(emt. thousands of						usanus or yen)
	Due within 1 year	Due after 1 year, but within 2 years	Due after 2 years, but within 3 years	Due after 3 years, but within 4 years	Due after 4 years, but within 5 years	Due after 5 years
Cash and deposits	4,510,142	_	_	-	_	_
Cash and deposits in trust	3,665,614	-	-	-	-	-
Total	8,175,756	_	_	_	-	-

(Note 3) Redemption of investment corporation bonds, long-term loans payable and other interest-bearing debt scheduled to be due after the balance sheet date

Previous fiscal period (As of August 31, 2015)

(Unit: thousands of yen)

	Due within 1 year	Due after 1 year, but within 2 years	Due after 2 years, but within 3 years	Due after 3 years, but within 4 years	Due after 4 years, but within 5 years	Due after 5 years
Short-term loans payable	3,960,000	_	_		_	
Investment corporation bonds	_	_	_	_	_	2,000,000
Long-term loans payable		8,490,000	_	13,130,000	7,740,000	33,150,000
Total	3,960,000	8,490,000	_	13,130,000	7,740,000	35,150,000

Reporting period (As of February 29, 2016)

(Unit: thousands of yen)

	Due within 1 year	Due after 1 year, but within 2 years	Due after 2 years, but within 3 years	Due after 3 years, but within 4 years	Due after 4 years, but within 5 years	Due after 5 years
Short-term loans payable	3,960,000	_	_	_	_	_
Investment corporation bonds	_	_	_	_	_	2,000,000
Long-term loans payable	8,490,000	=	8,550,000	10,320,000	12,109,000	35,341,000
Total	12,450,000	_	8,550,000	10,320,000	12,109,000	37,341,000

Notes on Derivative Transactions (unaudited)

1. Derivative transactions not applying hedge accounting

Previous fiscal period (As of August 31, 2015)

Not applicable.

Reporting period (As of February 29, 2016)

Not applicable.

2. Derivative transactions applying hedge accounting

Previous fiscal period (As of August 31, 2015)

The following table shows the contracted amount or principal amount equivalent or the like set forth in the contract as of the balance sheet date for each hedge accounting method.

(Unit: thousands of yen)

			Contracte	ed amount		Measure-
Hedge accounting method	Type of derivative transaction	Major hedged item		Portion due after 1 year	Fair value	ment method for fair value
Special treatment of interest rate swaps	Interest rate swap transaction Payment: fixed interest rate Receipt: floating interest rate	Long-term loans payable	59,646,000	59,646,000	*	_

^{*} Interest rate swap transactions to which special treatment is applied are accounted for as an integral part of long-term loans payable, a hedged item. Thus, their fair values are included in the fair value of long-term loans payable (please refer to the preceding "Notes on Financial Instruments, 2. Matters regarding fair value, etc. of financial instruments, (Note 1) Measurement of fair values of financial instruments and matters regarding derivative transactions, Liabilities (4) Long-term loans payable").

Reporting period (As of February 29, 2016)

The following table shows the contracted amount or principal amount equivalent or the like set forth in the contract as of the balance sheet date for each hedge accounting method.

(Unit: thousands of yen)

			Contracte	ed amount		Measure-
Hedge accounting method	Type of derivative transaction	Major hedged item		Portion due after 1 year	Fair value	ment method for fair value
Special treatment of interest rate swaps	Interest rate swap transaction Payment: fixed interest rate Receipt: floating interest rate	Long-term loans payable	70,137,000	61,647,000	*	_

^{*} Interest rate swap transactions to which special treatment is applied are accounted for as an integral part of long-term loans payable, a hedged item. Thus, their fair values are included in the fair value of long-term loans payable (please refer to the preceding "Notes on Financial Instruments, 2. Matters regarding fair value, etc. of financial instruments, (Note 1) Measurement of fair values of financial instruments and matters regarding derivative transactions, Liabilities (2) Current portion of long-term loans payable and (4) Long-term loans payable").

Notes on Tax Effect Accounting (unaudited)

1. Breakdown of significant components of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities

		(Unit: thousands of yen)
	Previous fiscal period	Reporting period
	(As of August 31, 2015)	(As of February 29, 2016)
Deferred tax assets		
Accrued enterprise tax excluded from	15	13
expenses		13
Total deferred tax assets	15	13
Net deferred tax assets	15	13

2. Reconciliation of significant differences between the statutory tax rate and the effective tax rate

		(Unit: %)
	Previous fiscal period	Reporting period
	(As of August 31, 2015)	(As of February 29, 2016)
Statutory tax rate	34.15	32.31
(Adjustments)		
Distributions paid included in expenses	(34.14)	(32.30)
Others	0.03	0.03
Effective tax rate	0.04	0.04

Notes on Related Party Transactions (unaudited)

1. Parent company and major corporate unitholders

Previous fiscal period (From March 1, 2015 to August 31, 2015)

Туре	Name	Location	Capital stock or invest- ments in capital (Thousands of yen)	Description of business	Percentage of voting rights held in (by) related party	Relat Inter- locking officers, etc.	Business relationship	Description of transaction	Amount of transaction (Thousands of yen)	Account	Balance at end of period (Thousands of yen)
								Purchase of beneficiary right of real estate in trust Keeping of	4,370,000	-	-
Major	Hulic Co	7-3, Nihonbashi ulic Co., td. Odenma- cho, Chuo-ku, Tokyo		Paul autota	Directly held by related party 12.00%	ld by lated arty	Leasing and manage- ment of real estate	leasehold and security deposits	383,363	Tenant leasehold	
	Ltd.		62,631,528	business				Repayment of leasehold and security deposits	132,193	and security deposits in trust	5,670,434
								Earning of rent revenue, etc.	795,933	Advances received	139,734

⁽Note 1) In the amounts in the above table, consumption taxes are not included in amount of transaction but are included in balance at end of period.

Reporting period (From September 1, 2015 to February 29, 2016)

Туре	Name	Location	Capital stock or invest- ments in capital (Thousands of yen)	Description of business	Percentage of voting rights held in (by) related party	Relat Inter- locking officers, etc.	Business relationship	Description of transaction	Amount of transaction (Thousands of yen)	Account item	Balance at end of period (Thousands of yen)
		7-3, Nihonbashi			Directly		Leasing	Purchase of beneficiary right of real estate in trust Keeping of leasehold and security	12,740,000		_
	Hulic Co., Ltd.	Hulic Co., Odenma-	62,647,750	Real estate business	held by related party 12.00%	None	and manage- ment of real estate	deposits Repayment of leasehold and security deposits	133,596	leasehold and security deposits in	6,137,609
								Earning of rent revenue, etc.	795,933	Advances received	139,734

⁽Note 1) In the amounts in the above table, consumption taxes are not included in amount of transaction but are included in balance at end of period.

2. Subsidiaries and affiliates

Previous fiscal period (From March 1, 2015 to August 31, 2015)

Not applicable.

Reporting period (From September 1, 2015 to February 29, 2016)

Not applicable.

⁽Note 2) Transaction terms are determined based on current market prices.

⁽Note 2) Transaction terms are determined based on current market prices.

3. Subsidiaries of parent company

Previous fiscal period (From March 1, 2015 to August 31, 2015)

			Capital stock or		Percentage of voting	Rel	ationship		Amount of		Balance
Туре	Name	Location	investments in capital (Thousands of yen)	Description of business	rights held in (by) related party	Inter- locking officers, etc.	Business relationship	Description of transaction	transaction (Thousands of yen)	Account item	at end of period (Thousands of yen)
Company in which major unitholder (corporation) owns a majority of voting rights	Hulic Reit Management Co., Ltd.	2-26-9, Hatcho- bori, Chuo-ku, Tokyo	200,000	Business related to management of investment corpora- tion's assets under management	-	One	Consignment of asset management	Payment of asset management fee (Note 1)	422,353	Operating accounts payable	424,470

- (Note 1) Payment of asset management fee includes the portion of compensations associated with a property acquisition factored into the book value of the individual properties (¥29,325 thousand).
- (Note 2) In the amounts in the above table, consumption taxes are not included in amount of transaction but are included in balance at end of period.
- (Note 3) Transaction terms are determined based on current market prices.

Reporting period (From September 1, 2015 to February 29, 2016)

Туре	Name	Location	Capital stock or investments in capital (Thousands of yen)	Description of business	Percentage of voting rights held in (by) related party	Inter- locking officers, etc.	Business relationship	Description of transaction	Amount of transaction (Thousands of yen)	Account item	Balance at end of period (Thousands of yen)
Company in which major unitholder (corporation) owns a majority of voting rights	Hulic Reit Management Co., Ltd.	2-26-9, Hatcho- bori, Chuo-ku, Tokyo	200,000	Business related to management of investment corpora- tion's assets under management	-	One	Consignment of asset management	Payment of asset management fee (Note 1)	,	Operating accounts payable	437,900

- (Note 1) Payment of asset management fee includes the portion of compensations associated with a property acquisition factored into the book value of the individual properties (¥31,850 thousand).
- (Note 2) In the amounts in the above table, consumption taxes are not included in amount of transaction but are included in balance at end of period.
- (Note 3) Transaction terms are determined based on current market prices.

4. Officers and major individual unitholders

Previous fiscal period (From March 1, 2015 to August 31, 2015)

Transactions carried out by Eiji Tokita, Executive Officer of the Investment Corporation, as the Representative of a third party (Hulic Reit Management Co., Ltd.) are as shown above in transactions with Hulic Reit Management Co., Ltd. in "3. Subsidiaries of parent company."

Reporting period (From September 1, 2015 to February 29, 2016)

Transactions carried out by Eiji Tokita, Executive Officer of the Investment Corporation, as the Representative of a third party (Hulic Reit Management Co., Ltd.) are as shown above in transactions with Hulic Reit Management Co., Ltd. in "3. Subsidiaries of parent company."

Notes on Investment and Rental Properties (unaudited)

The Investment Corporation owns rental office buildings and other properties in Tokyo and other regions for rent revenue. The balance sheet carrying amounts, changes during the period, and fair values of these rental properties are as follows:

(Unit: thousands of yen)

		Previous fiscal period (From March 1, 2015 to August 31, 2015)	Reporting period (From September 1, 2015 to February 29, 2016)
Balance sheet carrying amount			
	Balance at beginning of period	149,512,370	157,573,453
	Changes during period	8,061,083	12,375,217
	Balance at end of period	157,573,453	169,948,671
Fa	air value at end of period	172,454,000	191,085,000

⁽Note 1) The balance sheet carrying amount is the acquisition cost less accumulated depreciation.

- (Note 2) The main reason for the increase in the investment and rental properties during the previous fiscal period is the acquisition of beneficiary rights of real estate in trust of 3 properties (\frac{\pmathbf{x}}{8},424,152 thousand) and the decrease is mainly due to depreciation (\frac{\pmathbf{x}}{506,741 thousand}). The main reason for the increase during the reporting period is the acquisition of beneficiary rights of real estate in trust of 1 property (\frac{\pmathbf{x}}{12,788,088 thousand)} and the decrease is mainly due to depreciation (\frac{\pmathbf{x}}{531,704 thousand)}.
- (Note 3) The fair value at end of period is the appraisal value provided by an independent real estate appraiser.

 The profit or loss concerning investment and rental properties is indicated under "Notes to Statement of Income and Retained Earnings" above.

Notes on Segment and Related Information (unaudited)

Segment information

Disclosure is omitted as the Investment Corporation is comprised of a single reportable segment engaged in the real estate lease business.

Related information

Previous fiscal period (From March 1, 2015 to August 31, 2015)

1. Information by product and service

Disclosure is omitted as operating revenues from external customers of products and services within a single segment are more than 90% of operating revenues on the statement of income and retained earnings.

2. Information by geographical area

(1) Operating revenues

Disclosure is omitted since operating revenues from external customers in Japan exceeded 90% of operating revenues on the statement of income and retained earnings.

(2) Property, plant and equipment

Disclosure is omitted since the amount of property, plant and equipment located in Japan exceeded 90% of property, plant and equipment on the balance sheet.

3. Information by major customer

(Unit: thousands of yen)

Counterparty	Operating revenues	Related segment
Hulic Co., Ltd.	795,933	Real estate lease business
SoftBank Corp.	633,252	Real estate lease business

Reporting period (From September 1, 2015 to February 29, 2016)

1. Information by product and service

Disclosure is omitted as operating revenues from external customers of products and services within a single segment are more than 90% of operating revenues on the statement of income and retained earnings.

2. Information by geographical area

(1) Operating revenues

Disclosure is omitted since operating revenues from external customers in Japan exceeded 90% of operating revenues on the statement of income and retained earnings.

(2) Property, plant and equipment

Disclosure is omitted since the amount of property, plant and equipment located in Japan exceeded 90% of property, plant and equipment on the balance sheet.

3. Information by major customer

(Unit: thousands of yen)

Counterparty	Operating revenues	Related segment	
Hulic Co., Ltd.	795,933	Real estate lease business	
SoftBank Corp.	633,252	Real estate lease business	

Notes on Per Unit Information (unaudited)

	Previous fiscal period (From March 1, 2015 to August 31, 2015)	Reporting period (From September 1, 2015 to February 29, 2016)
Net assets per unit	¥113,855	¥113,874
Basic earnings per unit	¥2,950	¥2,968

(Note 1) Basic earnings per unit is calculated by dividing profit by the day-weighted average number of investment units for the period. Fully diluted earnings per unit is not presented, as there is no potential investment unit.

(Note 2) The basis for calculating basic earnings per unit is as follows:

	Previous fiscal period (From March 1, 2015 to August 31, 2015)	Reporting period (From September 1, 2015 to February 29, 2016)
Profit (Thousands of yen	2,303,996	2,318,771
Amount not attributable to common unitholder (Thousands of yen	<u> </u>	-
Profit attributable to common investment units (Thousands of yer	2,303,996	2,318,771
Average number of investment units for the period (Units	781,000	781,000

Notes on Significant Subsequent Events (unaudited)

Issuance of new investment units

The Investment Corporation passed resolutions at a meeting of its Board of Directors held on March 11, 2016 and March 22, 2016, to issue new investment units to partly fund the acquisition of specified assets and repayment of borrowings, as follows. The payments for the newly issued investment units were completed on March 29, 2016 and April 13, 2016, respectively.

As a result, the Investment Corporation unitholders' capital became \footnote{117,537} million and the total number of investment units issued became 957,000.

(New investment unit issuance through public offering)

Number of new investment units issued:

Issue price (offer price):

Total amount of issue price (offer price):

Amount paid in (issue value):

Total amount paid in (issue value):

Yad,475,881,200

¥175,682 per unit

¥29,444,303,200

Payment date:

March 29, 2016

Distribution calculation start date:

March 1, 2016

(New investment unit issuance through third-party allotment)

Number of new investment units issued:

Amount paid in (issue value):

Total amount paid in (issue value):

Payment date:

Distribution calculation start date:

8,400 units

¥175,682 per unit

¥1,475,728,800

April 13, 2016

March 1, 2016

Allottee: Mizuho Securities Co., Ltd.

Omission of Disclosure

Disclosure is omitted for items for notes on securities, share of profit or loss of entities accounted for using the equity method, lease transactions, retirement benefits and asset retirement obligations, since necessity for their disclosure in the financial results report is not deemed to be significant.

(9) Changes in Total Number of Investment Units Issued

A summary of capital increase, etc. from the establishment of the Investment Corporation to the end of the reporting period is shown as below.

Date	Event	units	of investment issued hits)	Total unithol (Million	Remarks	
		Change	Balance	Change	Balance	
November 7, 2013	Incorporation through private placement	2,000	2,000	200	200	(Note 1)
February 6, 2014	Capital increase through public offering	617,500	619,500	64,355	64,555	(Note 2)
March 7, 2014	Capital increase through third-party allotment	32,500	652,000	3,387	67,943	(Note 3)
November 6, 2014	Capital increase through public offering	122,860	774,860	17,785	85,728	(Note 4)
November 21, 2014	Capital increase through third-party allotment	6,140	781,000	888	86,617	(Note 5)

- (Note 1) At the incorporation of the Investment Corporation, investment units were issued with an issue value per unit of ¥100,000.
- (Note 2) New investment units were issued through public offering with an issue price per unit of ¥108,000 (issue value: ¥104,220) in order to raise funds for the acquisition of new investment properties, etc.
- (Note 3) New investment units were issued through a private placement allocated to Mizuho Securities Co., Ltd. with an offer value per unit of \(\xi\)104,220.
- (Note 4) New investment units were issued through public offering with an issue price per unit of ¥150,150 (issue value: ¥144,760) in order to raise funds for the acquisition of new investment properties, etc.
- (Note 5) New investment units were issued through a private placement allocated to Mizuho Securities Co., Ltd. with an offer value per unit of ¥144,760.

4. Changes in Officers

(1) Changes in Officers of the Investment Corporation

There have been no changes from the "Status of Officers" described in the latest Securities Report (prepared in Japanese only) submitted on November 30, 2015.

(2) Changes in Officers of Asset Manager

On December 31, 2015, Director Hiroyuki Taguchi resigned, and Tatsuya Kanakogi was elected as new Director at the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of the Asset Manager held on February 29, 2016, and assumed office on March 1, 2016.

For details, please refer to the press release titled "Notice concerning Change of Key Employees and Resignation of Director at Hulic Reit Management Co., Ltd." dated December 22, 2015 and "Notice concerning Election of Director and Change of Position for a Key Employee at Hulic Reit Management Co., Ltd." dated February 19, 2016.

5. Reference Information

(1) Status of Investment

T	Type of	Davis	Previous fis (As of Augus		Reporting period (As of February 29, 2016)		
Type of assets Category	Category	Region (Note 1)	Total amount held (Millions of yen) (Note 2)	Percentage to total assets (%) (Note 3)	Total amount held (Millions of yen) (Note 2)	Percentage to total assets (%) (Note 3)	
		Six central wards of Tokyo	110,672	66.6	123,213	68.9	
	Tokyo	Other wards of Tokyo	8,222	4.9	8,205	4.6	
	Commercial Properties	Other	4,828	2.9	4,811	2.7	
Real		Total	123,722	74.4	136,230	76.2	
estate in		Six central wards of Tokyo	_	ı	_	_	
trust	Next- Generation	Other wards of Tokyo	20,341	12.2	20,278	11.3	
	Assets	Other	13,508	8.1	13,438	7.5	
		Total	33,850	20.4	33,717	18.9	
	Tota	al real estate in trust	157,573	94.8	169,948	95.0	
	Deposits	and other assets	8,682	5.2	8,864	5.0	
	То	tal assets	166,256	100.0	178,813	100.0	

	Amount (Millions of yen)	Percentage to total assets (%) (Note 3)	Amount (Millions of yen)	Percentage to total assets (%) (Note 3)
Total liabilities	77,334	46.5	89,877	50.3
Total net assets	88,921	53.5	88,936	49.7

⁽Note 1) Six central wards of Tokyo refer to Chiyoda ward (Chiyoda-ku), Chuo ward (Chuo-ku), Minato ward (Minato-ku), Shinjuku ward (Shinjuku-ku), Shibuya ward (Shibuya-ku) and Shinagawa ward (Shinagawa-ku).

⁽Note 2) Total amount held represents the balance sheet carrying amount (for real estate in trust, book value less depreciation expenses), rounded down to the nearest million yen.

⁽Note 3) Percentage to total assets represents the ratio of each asset held to total assets, rounded to one decimal place.

(2) Investment Assets

i) Overview of investment assets

(As of February 29, 2016)

Property name								(As of February 29, 2016)		
Solution	Cate	gory	Property name	construction	contracted rent (Millions of yen)	deposits (Millions of yen)	area (m²)	area (m²)	rate (%)	
Hulic Kudan Building (Land)				April 1985	966		11,760.33	12,972.10	90.7	
Note 8			Hulic Kudan Building (Land)	_	530	265	3,351.07	3,351.07	100.0	
Page				August 2010	527	403	5,689.97	5,689.97	100.0	
Hulic Takadanobaha Building September 2008 249 201 3.728.36 3.738.36 100.0			Rapiros Roppongi	August 1997	437	377	5,875.17	5,875.17	100.0	
Hillic Kandabashi Building				November 1993	309	190	5,369.71	5,369.71	100.0	
Hulic Kandahashi Building				September 2008						
Page		es	Ü							
Page		erti								
Page	SS	e prop	Ochanomizu Sola City		(Note 16)	(Note 16)			100.0	
Page	ertie	ffic	Hulic Higashi Ueno 1 Chome Building	July 1988	177	146	3,262.09	3,262.09	100.0	
Subtotal	l Prope	0	Sasazuka South Building	December 1991	155	95	3,611.08	3,611.08	100.0	
Subtotal	mercia			October 1990	107	191	1,429.74	1,429.74	100.0	
Subtotal	о Сот		(Note 13)		262	-	3,835.78	3,835.78	100.0	
Page	Toky		(Note 14)	May 2015	628	410	5,952.94	6,002.26	99.2	
Page Page				_	_	_				
Note 15 September 1989 438 329 10,612.67 10,612.67 100.00				September 1989	624	656	14,485.66	14,485.66	100.0	
Yokohama Yamashitacho Building July 1993 (Note 16) (Note 16) 8,958.70 8,958.70 100.0		ies		September 1989	438	529	10,612.67	10,612.67	100.0	
Yokohama Yamashitacho Building July 1993 (Note 16) (Note 16) 8,958.70 8,958.70 100.0		pert	Dining Square Akihabara Building	June 1993	(Note 16)	(Note 16)	2,169.41	2,169.41	100.0	
Yokohama Yamashitacho Building July 1993 (Note 16) (Note 16) 8,958.70 8,958.70 100.0		pro	Hulic Jingumae Building	September 2000			1,656.24	1,656.24	100.0	
Yokohama Yamashitacho Building July 1993 (Note 16) (Note 16) 8,958.70 8,958.70 100.0		tail	Hulic Shinjuku 3 Chome Building	June 1983	291	175	1,351.15	1,351.15	100.0	
Total		Re	Yokohama Yamashitacho Building	July 1993	(Note 16)	(Note 16)	8,958.70	•	100.0	
September 2005 Content			l .	_	_	_		39,233.83		
Trust Garden Youganomori September 2005 Trust Garden Sakurashinmachi August 2005 Trust Garden Sakurashinmachi August 2005 Trust Garden Suginami Miyamae April 2005 April 2005 April 2005 April 1998 April 2005 April 2005 April 1998 April 2005 Apr			Total	-	-	_	106,866.72	108,127.81	98.8	
Trust Garden Sakurasninmach August 2005 (Note 16) (Note 16) 3,700.26 3,700.26 100.0		mes	Aria Matsubara	September 2005	(Note 16)	(Note 16)	5,454.48	5,454.48	100.0	
Trust Garden Sakurasninmach August 2005 (Note 16) (Note 16) 3,700.26 3,700.26 100.0		ing h	Trust Garden Youganomori	September 2005	(Note 16)	(Note 16)	5,977.75	5,977.75	100.0	
Subtotal - - 19,108.48 19,108.48 100.0	ts	te nurs	Trust Garden Sakurashinmachi	August 2005	(Note 16)	(Note 16)	3,700.26	3,700.26	100.0	
Chiba Network Center June 1995 447 224 23,338.00 23,338.00 100.0 Sapporo Network Center January 2002 167 84 9,793.57 9,793.57 100.0 Keihanna Network Center May 2001 94 47 9,273.44 9,273.44 100.0 Subtotal - 1,267 633 71,373.66 71,373.66 100.0 Total - - 90,482.14 90,482.14 100.0	Asse	Priva	• •	April 2005	(Note 16)	(Note 16)		·		
Chiba Network Center June 1995 447 224 23,338.00 23,338.00 100.0 Sapporo Network Center January 2002 167 84 9,793.57 9,793.57 100.0 Keihanna Network Center May 2001 94 47 9,273.44 9,273.44 100.0 Subtotal - 1,267 633 71,373.66 71,373.66 100.0 Total - - 90,482.14 90,482.14 100.0	tior			- Ionuam: 2001	271	126				
Chiba Network Center June 1995 447 224 23,338.00 23,338.00 100.0 Sapporo Network Center January 2002 167 84 9,793.57 9,793.57 100.0 Keihanna Network Center May 2001 94 47 9,273.44 9,273.44 100.0 Subtotal - 1,267 633 71,373.66 71,373.66 100.0 Total - - 90,482.14 90,482.14 100.0	era									
Chiba Network Center June 1995 447 224 23,338.00 23,338.00 100.0	Gen	LS								
Chiba Network Center June 1995 447 224 23,338.00 23,338.00 100.0	xt-(Next-C								
Chiba Network Center June 1995 447 224 23,338.00 23,338.00 100.0	Ne									
Keihanna Network Center May 2001 94 47 9,273.44 9,273.44 100.0 Subtotal - 1,267 633 71,373.66 71,373.66 100.0 Total - - - 90,482.14 90,482.14 100.0		/ork	Ü							
Keihanna Network Center May 2001 94 47 9,273.44 9,273.44 100.0 Subtotal - 1,267 633 71,373.66 71,373.66 100.0 Total - - - 90,482.14 90,482.14 100.0		etw								
Subtotal - 1,267 633 71,373.66 71,373.66 100.0 Total - - - 90,482.14 90,482.14 100.0		Z	11							
Total 90,482.14 90,482.14 100.0				•						
			l .		- 1,207	-				
			Total of the portfolio		_	_	197,348.86	198,609.95	99.4	

⁽Note 1) Date of construction represents the date of construction as described in the property registry. Date of construction is omitted in case of holding of land only.

(Note 2) *Total contracted rent* is calculated by multiplying the monthly contracted rent (limited to rent for room, including common service fee and excluding consumption taxes and usage fee for warehouses, signboards and parking lots, regardless of free rent arrangements in effect as of February 29, 2016) for buildings as indicated in the relevant lease agreement of each asset held as of February 29, 2016 by 12 (with respect to assets held subject to multiple lease agreements, the aggregate monthly rent for all lease agreements) and rounding to the nearest million yen. For

properties for which we acquired only land, it is calculated by multiplying the monthly contracted rent (excluding consumption taxes; the same shall apply hereinafter) as indicated in the lease agreement for such land as of February 29, 2016 by 12 and rounding to the nearest million yen. When a master lease agreement has been concluded for the asset held, the amount calculated by multiplying the monthly rent as indicated in each sublease agreement entered into with end-tenants in the case of a master lease agreement, under which rents are directly received from end-tenants in principle (hereinafter referred to as the "Pass-through Master Lease Agreement"), or the monthly rent as indicated in the master lease agreement, under which a certain amount of rent is received regardless of fluctuations in rents for end-tenants (hereinafter referred to as the "Fixed-type Master Lease Agreement"), by 12 on an annual basis is provided.

- (Note 3) Leasehold/security deposits indicates the aggregate of the recognized book values for the leasehold and/or security deposit(s) of each asset held as of February 29, 2016, rounded to the nearest million yen.
- (Note 4) *Total leased area* is equivalent to total floor area of leased space set out in the relevant lease agreements of each asset held as of February 29, 2016. For the property for which there is a Pass-through Master Lease Agreement, the actual total area leased under each sublease agreement entered into with end-tenants is provided. For the property for which there is a Fixed-type Master Lease Agreement, the leasable area to end-tenants is provided. For the property of which ownership is only for land, the area of the land is provided.
- (Note 5) *Total leasable area* is equivalent to gross leasable space, based on the lease agreements or floor plans of buildings of each asset held as of February 29, 2016. With respect to Hulic Kudan Building (Land), total leasable area is the leasable area of the land as described in the applicable land lease agreements or land plans.
- (Note 6) Occupancy rate is calculated by dividing total leased area by total leasable area of each asset held as of February 29, 2016, and is rounded to the nearest tenth. Subtotals, totals and total of the portfolio show the proportion of the total leased area to the total of leasable area for the assets held, rounded to the nearest tenth.
- (Note 7) For Hulic Kamiyacho Building, total leased area, total leasable area, occupancy rate, total contracted rent and leasehold/security deposits show figures equivalent to the pro-rata portion of the ownership interest of property held by the Investment Corporation (approximately 39.9%).
- (Note 8) For Toranomon First Garden, total leased area, total leasable area and occupancy rate show figures equivalent to the Investment Corporation's stratified ownership interest in the building (the Investment Corporation's ownership interest: partial ownership of 5,493.69 m² and approximately 71.1% co-ownership interest in partial ownership of 275.98 m²). Total contracted rent and leasehold/security deposits show amounts equivalent to the proportional share held by the Investment Corporation (approximately 81.4%).
- (Note 9) For Rapiros Roppongi, total leased area, total leasable area, occupancy rate, total contracted rent and leasehold/security deposits show figures equivalent to the pro-rata portion of the Investment Corporation's stratified ownership interest in the building (the Investment Corporation's partial ownership of 5,578.56 m² and approximately 50.5% co-ownership interest in partial ownership of 586.37 m²).
- (Note 10) For Ochanomizu Sola City, total leased area, total leasable area, occupancy rate, total contracted rent and leasehold/security deposits show figures equivalent to the pro-rata portion of the ownership interest of property held by the Investment Corporation (13.0%).
- (Note 11) For Sasazuka South Building, total leased area, total leasable area, occupancy rate, total contracted rent and leasehold/security deposits show figures equivalent to the pro-rata portion of the Investment Corporation's stratified ownership interest in the building (the Investment Corporation's partial ownership of 3,558.5 m²).
- (Note 12) For Tokyo Nishi Ikebukuro Building, total leased area, total leasable area, occupancy rate, total contracted rent and leasehold/security deposits show figures equivalent to the pro-rata portion of the Investment Corporation's stratified ownership interest in the building (the Investment Corporation's partial ownership of 1,382.53 m²).
- (Note 13) For Gate City Ohsaki, total leased area, total leasable area and occupancy rate show figures for the pro-rata portion of the Investment Corporation's stratified ownership interest in the property (the Investment Corporation's ownership interest in office space on the 8th floor of the West Tower office and commercial building: approximately 83.0% coownership interest in partial ownership of 4,088.37m²; retail space from the 1st basement floor to the 3rd floor of the office and commercial building: approximately 2.4% co-ownership interest in partial ownership of 5,609.05m²; residential building: 6 residential units of 308.20m²) under the lease agreements with master lease companies as of February 29, 2016. Total contracted rent shows amounts calculated with the rent and common service fees received by the master lease company for the month of February 2016 (excluding consumption taxes) multiplied by 12, with the result rounded to the nearest million yen. Leasehold/security deposit figures are not presented because such funds are not received by the Investment Corporation, but rather the master lease companies take custody of such funds as per contractual agreement with those companies.
- (Note 14) For Hulic Toranomon Building, total leased area, total leasable area, occupancy rate, total contracted rent and leasehold/security deposits show figures equivalent to the pro-rata portion of the ownership interest of property held by the Investment Corporation (70.0%).
- (Note 15) For Oimachi Redevelopment Building (#1), total leased area, total leasable area and occupancy rate show figures for the pro-rata portion of the Investment Corporation's stratified ownership interest in the building (the Investment Corporation's ownership interest: approximately 82.6% co-ownership interest in partial ownership of 12,843.24 m²) under the lease agreements with end-tenants as of February 29, 2016. Total contracted rent and leasehold/security deposits show amounts equivalent to the pro-rata portion of the stratified ownership interest in the building (approximately 82.6%).
- (Note 16) Items marked with a (minus sign) indicate that the Investment Corporation has not obtained permission from the end-tenant or other relevant party of these properties to disclose the relevant information.

(Note 17) In the above table, *Total contracted rent*, *Leasehold/Security deposits*, *Total leased area* and *Occupancy rate* may include information related to lease agreements that have been subsequently terminated, lease agreements for which we have subsequently received a request for termination or lease agreements for which rent payment is delinquent, if the lease agreement was valid as of February 29, 2016.

ii) Overview of appraisal report

(As of February 29, 2016)

	(As of February						(2), 2010,					
Categ	gory	Property name	Appraisal agency (Note 1)	Acquisition price (Millions of yen) (Note 2)	Book value at end of period (Millions of yen) (Note 3)	Appraisal value (Millions of yen) (Note 4)	Integrated price by using cost method (Millions of yen)	Price based on direct capitali- zation method	Capitalization rate	Price based on DCF method	Discount rate (%)	Terminal capitalization rate (%)
		Hulic Kamiyacho Building	D	20,100	20,154	22,600	18,700	23,200	3.8	22,300	3.6	4.0
		Hulic Kudan Building (Land)	N	11,100	11,191	12,400	(Note 5)	12,400	3.8	12,400	3.4	3.9
		Toranomon First Garden	С	8,623	8,536	10,000	10,800	9,960	3.7	10,000	3.3	3.8
		Rapiros Roppongi	N	5,160	5,542	6,300	7,410	6,370	3.8	6,220	3.5	4.0
		Hulic Takadanobaba Building	D	3,900	3,885	4,270	3,920	4,170	4.4	4,310	4.2	4.6
	sə	Hulic Kanda Building	Т	3,780	3,726	3,940	4,200	4,220	4.2	3,820	4.3	4.4
	operti	Hulic Kandabashi Building	D	2,500	2,480	2,710	2,640	2,740	4.0	2,700	3.8	4.2
	Office properties	Hulic Kakigaracho Building	T	2,210	2,217	2,670	2,620	2,660	4.5	2,670	4.6	4.7
S	Of	Ochanomizu Sola City	N	22,854	22,647	24,960	20,020	25,220	3.6	24,700	3.3	3.7
opertic		Hulic Higashi Ueno 1 Chome Building	N	2,670	2,681	2,910	2,330	2,950	4.2	2,870	4.0	4.4
Tokyo Commercial Properties		Sasazuka South Building	N	2,100	2,180	2,170	1,880	2,180	4.8	2,150	4.5	5.0
nmerc		Tokyo Nishi Ikebukuro Building	N	1,580	1,639	1,790	1,260	1,810	4.5	1,760	4.3	4.7
Con		Gate City Ohsaki	N	4,370	4,555	4,530	4,600	4,550	3.8	4,500	3.4	3.9
okyo		Hulic Toranomon Building	N	12,740	12,769	14,420	14,280	14,560	3.5	14,280	3.2	3.6
L		Subtotal Oimachi	_	103,687	104,208	115,670	_	116,990	_	114,680	_	_
		Redevelopment Building (#2) Oimachi	Т	9,456	9,500	11,500	10,700	11,800	4.4	11,400	4.5	4.6
	ies	Redevelopment Building (#1)	Т	6,166	6,255	7,170	6,670	7,230	4.6	7,140	4.7	4.8
	ropert	Dining Square Akihabara Building	N	3,200	3,220	3,680	2,170	3,730	4.2	3,620	4.0	4.4
		Hulic Jingumae Building	Т	2,660	2,667	3,290	3,140	3,350	3.7	3,260	3.8	3.9
	R	Hulic Shinjuku 3 Chome Building	N	5,550	5,567	6,040	5,990	6,180	3.7	5,890	3.3	3.9
		Yokohama Yamashitacho Building	N	4,850	4,811	5,270	3,250	5,340	4.8	5,200	4.6	5.0
-		Subtotal Total	<u> </u>	31,882 135,569	32,022 136,230	36,950 152,620	31,920	37,630 154,620	_	36,510 151,190	-	_
	SS	Aria Matsubara	N	3,244	3,240	4,250	3,340	4,280	4.5	4,220	4.1	4.7
	s hom	Trust Garden Youganomori	N	5,390	5,404	6,700	4,930	6,740	4.8	6,660	4.4	5.0
	Private nursing hom	Trust Garden Sakurashinmachi	N	2,850	2,888	3,560	2,780	3,580	4.7	3,540	4.3	4.9
	vate n	Trust Garden Suginami Miyamae	N	2,760	2,805	3,440	2,560	3,460	4.7	3,420	4.3	4.9
	Pri	Subtotal	-	14,244	14,338	17,950	13,610	18,060	_	17,840	_	-
ts		Ikebukuro Network Center	N	4,570	4,576	5,160	4,190	5,220	4.5	5,090	4.3	4.7
ı Asse		Tabata Network Center	N	1,355	1,363	1,560	1,510	1,580	4.9	1,540	4.7	5.1
Next-Generation Assets		Hiroshima Network Center	N	1,080	1,076	1,210	1,080	1,220	5.8	1,200	5.6	6.0
t-Gene	ters	Atsuta Network Center	N	1,015	1,014	1,110	963	1,120	5.4	1,100	5.2	5.6
Next	rk cen	Nagano Network Center	N	305	307	365	301	366	7.0	364	6.8	7.2
	Network centers	Chiba Network Center	N	7,060	7,211	7,220	4,590	7,270	5.2	7,160	5.0	5.4
		Sapporo Network Center	N	2,510	2,586	2,590	2,330	2,600	5.3	2,570	5.1	5.5
		Keihanna Network Center	N	1,250	1,241	1,300	1,180	1,310	5.6	1,290	5.4	5.8
-		Subtotal Total	_	19,145 33,389	19,379 33,717	20,515 38,465	16,144 29,754	20,686 38,746		20,314 38,154		
		Total	_	168,958	169,948	191,085	29,134	193,366		189,344		_

(Note 1) The letters in the appraisal agency column indicate appraisers as follows:

- D: Daiwa Real Estate Appraisal Co., Ltd.
- N: Japan Real Estate Institute
- C: CBRE K.K.
- T: The Tanizawa Sōgō Appraisal Co., Ltd.
- (Note 2) Acquisition price represents trading value stipulated in each beneficiary right sales agreement in relation to the assets held, rounded to the nearest million yen. The trading value does not include consumption tax, local consumption tax and expenses incurred on acquisition.
- (Note 3) *Book value at end of period* represents book value for each property less depreciation expenses as of February 29, 2016, rounded down to the nearest million yen.
- (Note 4) Appraisal value represents the appraisal value as of the valuation date of February 29, 2016.
- (Note 5) For Hulic Kudan Building (Land), this item was not provided due to the Investment Corporation only acquiring the land.

iii) Capital expenditures for assets under management

(A) Schedule of capital expenditures

For properties already held by the Investment Corporation, the main capital expenditures for renovation work, etc. currently scheduled are as below. Estimated capital expenditure for work includes parts that are charged to expenses.

Property name	Location	Purpose	Scheduled period	Estimated capital expenditure for work (Millions of yen)
Hulic Kandabashi Building	Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	Renewal work for air- conditioning facility (phase 1)	From April 2016 to July 2016	55
Hulic Kandabashi Building	Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	Renewal work for air- conditioning facility (phase 2)	From September 2016 to December 2016	43
Trust Garden Sakurashinmachi	Setagaya-ku, Tokyo	Renewal work for air- conditioning units in the common area	From July 2016 to December 2016	38
Trust Garden Suginami Miyamae	Suginami-ku, Tokyo	Renewal work for air- conditioning units in the common area	From July 2016 to December 2016	38
Tabata Network Center	Kita-ku, Tokyo	Renewal work involving rooftop waterproofing	From May 2016 to June 2016	18
Nagano Network Center	Nagano Network Center Nagano Nagano Network Center Nagano Renewal work involving waterproofing and sealing exterior walls		From April 2016 to June 2016	11

(B) Capital expenditures during the period

An overview of the construction work corresponding to capital expenditures during the reporting period is as below. Capital expenditures during the reporting period were \\ \pm 118,833 \) thousand and repair expenses were \\ \\ \pm 56,497 \) thousand. In aggregate, construction work of \\ \\ \\ \mathref{175,330} \) thousand was carried out during the period.

Property name	Location	Purpose	Period	Capital expenditure for work (Millions of yen)
Hulic Kamiyacho Building	Minato-ku, Tokyo	Renovation work for elevator (machine no. 10)	From September 2015 to November 2015	16
Hulic Kamiyacho Building	Minato-ku, Tokyo	Renovation work for elevator (machine no. 4)	From December 2015 to February 2016	12
Oimachi Redevelopment Building (#2)	Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo	Renewal for air conditioning equipment	From September 2015 to February 2016	21
Other				68
	118			

(3) Major Investment Assets

The following is an overview of the Assets Held by the Investment Corporation whose *Total contracted rent* makes up 10% or more of the total rental income for the entire portfolio as of February 29, 2016.

<Property name> Hulic Kamiyacho Building (Note 1)

Total contracted rent (annual) (Note 3)	¥966 million
Total leased area (Note 4)	11,760.33 m ²
Total leasable area (Note 5)	12,972.10 m ²
Occupancy rate at end of period (Note 6)	90.7%

<Property name> Ochanomizu Sola City (Note 2)

Total contracted rent (annual) (Note 3)	¥ – million (Note 7)
Total leased area (Note 4)	8,341.22 m ²
Total leasable area (Note 5)	8,341.22 m ²
Occupancy rate at end of period (Note 6)	100.0%

- (Note 1) Total contracted rent (annual), Total leased area, Total leasable area and Occupancy rate of Hulic Kamiyacho Building show numerical values equivalent to the pro-rata portion of the trust ownership interest of the Investment Corporation (approximately 39.9%).
- (Note 2) *Total contracted rent (annual), Total leased area, Total leasable area* and *Occupancy rate* of Ochanomizu Sola City show numerical values equivalent to the pro-rata portion of the trust ownership interest of the Investment Corporation (13.0%).
- (Note 3) *Total contracted rent (annual)* is calculated by multiplying the monthly contracted rent (limited to rent for room, including common service fee and excluding consumption taxes and usage fee for warehouses, signboards and parking lots, regardless of free rent arrangements in effect as of February 29, 2016; the same shall apply hereinafter) for buildings as indicated in the relevant lease agreement of each asset held as of February 29, 2016 by 12 (with respect to assets held subject to multiple lease agreements, the aggregate monthly rent for all lease agreements; the same shall apply hereinafter) and rounding to the nearest million yen. When a master lease agreement has been concluded for the asset held, the amount calculated by multiplying the monthly rent as indicated in each sublease agreement entered into with end-tenants in the case of a Pass-through Master Lease Agreement, or the monthly rent as indicated in the master lease agreement in the Fixed-type Master Lease Agreement, by 12 on an annual basis is provided.
- (Note 4) *Total leased area* shows the total floor area of leased space set out in the relevant lease agreement of the above-mentioned property held as of February 29, 2016. For the property for which there is a Pass-through Master Lease Agreement, the actual total area leased under each sublease agreement entered into with end-tenants is provided.
- (Note 5) *Total leasable area* shows the floor area considered leasable based on the lease agreements or floor plans of buildings of the above-mentioned property held as of February 29, 2016.
- (Note 6) Occupancy rate at end of period is calculated by dividing total leased area by total leasable area of the above-mentioned property held as of February 29, 2016, and is rounded to the nearest tenth.
- (Note 7) The Investment Corporation has not obtained consent from the parties concerned to disclose this value.

(4) Overview of Major Tenants

Tenants for which leased area accounted for 10% or more of the total leased area as of February 29, 2016 are shown as below.

Tenant	Business type	Property name	Leased area (m²) (Note 1)	Total contracted rent (Millions of yen) (Note 2)	Leasehold/ security deposits (Millions of yen) (Note 3)	Expiration date (Note 4)	Renewal of agreement, etc. (Note 5)
		Hulic Kamiyacho Building (Note 6)	11,760.33	966	1,069	February 6, 2017	Automatically renewed for 2 years unless notified in writing at least 6 months before the expiry of the agreement
		Hulic Kudan Building (Land)	3,351.07	530	265	February 6, 2063	_
		Toranomon First Garden (Note 7)	5,689.97	527	403		
		Rapiros Roppongi (Note 8)	5,875.17	437	377		
		Hulic Takadanobaba Building	5,369.71	309	190	February 6, 2017	
		Hulic Kanda Building	3,728.36	249	201		
		Hulic Kandabashi Building	2,566.95	159	131	1	
		Hulic Kakigaracho Building	2,858.48	188	124]	Automatically renewed for 2 years unless
		Hulic Higashi Ueno 1 Chome Building	3,262.09	177	146	October 15, 2017	notified in writing at least 6 months before the
	Real estate lease business	Sasazuka South Building (Note 9)	3,611.08	155	95	March 8, 2018	expiry of the agreement
		Tokyo Nishi Ikebukuro Building (Note 10)	1,429.74	107	191	April 15, 2018	
Hulic Co., Ltd.		Hulic Toranomon Building (Note 11)	5,952.94	628	410	December 24, 2018	
		Oimachi Redevelopment Building (#2)	14,485.66	624	656	February 6, 2019	
		Oimachi Redevelopment Building (#1) (Note 12)	10,612.67	438	529	September 27, 2017	Automatically renewed for a term agreed upon unless notified in writing at least 6 months before the expiry of the agreement
		Dining Square Akihabara Building	2,169.41	(Note 13)	(Note 13)	February 6,	Automatically renewed
		Hulic Jingumae Building	1,656.24	157	82	2017	for 2 years unless
		Hulic Shinjuku 3 Chome Building	1,351.15	291	175	October 15, 2017	notified in writing at least 6 months before the expiry of the agreement
		Yokohama Yamashitacho Building	8,958.70	(Note 13)	(Note 13)	October 15, 2017	expiry of the agreement
		Aria Matsubara	5,454.48	(Note 13)	(Note 13)		
		Trust Garden Youganomori	5,977.75	(Note 13)	(Note 13)	February 6,	Automatically renewed for 2 years unless notified in writing at least
		Trust Garden Sakurashinmachi	3,700.26	(Note 13)	(Note 13)	2017	6 months before the expiry of the agreement
		Trust Garden Suginami Miyamae	3,975.99	(Note 13)	(Note 13)		
		Total	113,798.20	_	_	_	_

Tenant	Business type	Property name	Leased area (m²) (Note 1)	Total contracted rent (Millions of yen) (Note 2)	Leasehold/ security deposits (Millions of yen) (Note 3)	Expiration date (Note 4)	Renewal of agreement, etc. (Note 5)
		Ikebukuro Network Center	12,773.04	271	136	November 5, 2027	
	Telecommuni- cations business	Tabata Network Center	3,832.73	90	45	November 5, 2022	
		Hiroshima Network Center	5,208.54	88	44	November 5, 2027	
SoftBank		Atsuta Network Center	4,943.10	73	37	November 5, 2022	May be renewed if mutually agreed at least 5
Corp.		Nagano Network Center	2,211.24	35	18	November 5, 2017	years before the expiry of the agreement
		Chiba Network Center	23,338.00	447	224	March 27, 2028	
		Sapporo Network Center	9,793.57	167	84	May 22, 2028	
		Keihanna Network Center	9,273.44	94	47	November 5, 2022	
		Total	71,373.66	1,267	633	-	_

- (Note 1) Leased area is equivalent to total floor area of leased space set out in the relevant lease agreement of each property as of February 29, 2016. For the property for which there is a Pass-through Master Lease Agreement, the actual total area leased under each sublease agreement entered into with end-tenants is provided. For the property for which there is a Fixed-type Master Lease Agreement, the leasable area to end-tenants is provided. For the property of which ownership is only for land, the area of the land is provided.
- (Note 2) *Total contracted rent* is calculated by multiplying the monthly contracted rent (limited to rent for room, including common service fee and usage fee for warehouses, signboards and parking lots, regardless of free rent arrangements in effect as of February 29, 2016; the same shall apply hereinafter) for buildings as indicated in the relevant lease agreement of each property in effect as of February 29, 2016 by 12 and rounding to the nearest million yen. For properties for which ownership is only for land, it is calculated by multiplying the monthly contracted rent as indicated in the lease agreement for such land as of February 29, 2016 by 12 and rounding to the nearest million yen. For properties for which the tenant is a sublessor as a master lease company, in accordance with the lease agreement with the end-tenant in effect as of February 29, 2016, the amount calculated by multiplying the monthly rent as indicated in each sublease agreement entered into with end-tenants in the case of a Pass-through Master Lease Agreement, or the monthly rent as indicated in the master lease agreement in the Fixed-type Master Lease Agreement, by 12 on an annual basis is provided.
- (Note 3) Leasehold/security deposits indicates the aggregate of the recognized book values for the leasehold and/or security deposit(s) of each asset held as of February 29, 2016, rounded to the nearest million yen.
- (Note 4) Expiration date is the date provided in the lease agreement where the tenant is the lessee, including where the tenant is a sublessor and master lease company under a sublease agreement.
- (Note 5) *Renewal of agreement, etc.* represents the content of renewal of agreement, etc. provided in the lease agreement where the tenant is the lessee, including where the tenant is a sublessor and master lease company under a sublease agreement.
- (Note 6) For Hulic Kamiyacho Building, the leased area, total contracted rent and leasehold/security deposits show figures equivalent to the pro-rata portion of the trust co-ownership interest of property held by the Investment Corporation (approximately 39.9%).
- (Note 7) For Toranomon First Garden, the leased area shows figures equivalent to the Investment Corporation's stratified ownership interest in the building (the Investment Corporation's ownership interest: partial ownership of 5,493.69 m² and approximately 71.1% co-ownership interest in partial ownership of 275.98 m²). Total contracted rent and leasehold/security deposits show amounts equivalent to the proportional share held by the Investment Corporation (approximately 81.4%).
- (Note 8) For Rapiros Roppongi, the leased area, total contracted rent and leasehold/security deposits show figures equivalent to the pro-rata portion of the Investment Corporation's stratified ownership interest in the building (the Investment Corporation's partial ownership of 5,578.56 m² and approximately 50.5% co-ownership interest in partial ownership of 586.37 m²).
- (Note 9) For Sasazuka South Building, total leased area, total leasable area, occupancy rate, total contracted rent and leasehold/security deposits show figures equivalent to the pro-rata portion of the Investment Corporation's stratified ownership interest in the building (the Investment Corporation's partial ownership of 3,558.5 m²).
- (Note 10) For Tokyo Nishi Ikebukuro Building, total leased area, total leasable area, occupancy rate, total contracted rent and leasehold/security deposits show figures equivalent to the pro-rata portion of the Investment Corporation's stratified ownership interest in the building (the Investment Corporation's partial ownership of 1,382.53 m²).
- (Note 11)For Hulic Toranomon Building, the leased area, total contracted rent and leasehold/security deposits show figures equivalent to the pro-rata portion of the trust co-ownership interest of property held by the Investment Corporation (70.0%).

- (Note 12)For Oimachi Redevelopment Building (#1), the leased area shows the figure for the pro-rata portion of the Investment Corporation's stratified ownership interest in the building (the Investment Corporation's ownership interest: approximately 82.6% co-ownership interest in partial ownership of 12,843.24 m²) under the lease agreements with end-tenants as of February 29, 2016. Total contracted rent and leasehold/security deposits show amounts equivalent to the pro-rata portion of the Investment Corporation's stratified ownership interest (approximately 82.6%).
- (Note 13)Items marked with a (minus sign) indicate that the Investment Corporation has not obtained permission from the end-tenant or other relevant party of these properties to disclose the relevant information.

(5) Top End-Tenants in Terms of Leased Area

The following table shows the top ten end-tenants in terms of leased area in the entire portfolio as of February 29, 2016.

End-tenant	Property name	Leased area (m²) (Note 1)	Area ratio (%) (Note 2)	Expiration date	Form of agreement (Note 3)
				November 5, 2027 (Ikebukuro Network Center, Hiroshima Network Center) November 5, 2022	
	Ikebukuro Network Center Tabata Network Center Hiroshima Network Center Atsuta Network Center			(Tabata Network Center, Atsuta Network Center, Keihanna Network Center)	Fixed-term
SoftBank Corp.	Nagano Network Center Chiba Network Center Sapporo Network Center Keihanna Network Center	71,373.66	36.2	November 5, 2017 (Nagano Network Center)	building lease agreement
				March 27, 2028 (Chiba Network Center)	
				May 22, 2028 (Sapporo Network Center)	
	Hulic Kudan Building (Land)	28,449.40	14.4	February 6, 2063	Fixed-term business-use land lease agreement
Hulic Co., Ltd.	Oimachi Redevelopment Building (#2)			February 6, 2019	Ordinary building lease agreement
	Oimachi Redevelopment Building (#1)			September 27, 2017	Ordinary building lease agreement
Trust Garden Co., Ltd.	Trust Garden Youganomori Trust Garden Sakurashinmachi Trust Garden Suginami Miyamae	13,654.00	6.9	January 24, 2028	Ordinary building lease agreement
Barneys Japan	Yokohama Yamashitacho Building	8,958.70	4.5	- (Note 4)	- (Note 4)
Benesse Style Care Co., Ltd.	Aria Matsubara	5,454.48	2.8	September 30, 2030	Ordinary building lease agreement
Mitsui Fudosan Co., Ltd.	Gate City Ohsaki	3,527.58	1.8	January 5, 2019	Ordinary building lease agreement (Note 5)
J Trust Co., Ltd.	Toranomon First Garden	3,052.05	1.5	November 30, 2016	Ordinary building lease agreement
Nippon Paper Industries Co., Ltd.	Ochanomizu Sola City	2,728.95	1.4	_ (Note 4)	Fixed-term building lease agreement
Oki Electric Industry Co., Ltd.	Toranomon First Garden	2,441.64	1.2	February 28, 2017	Ordinary building lease agreement
Mizuho Securities Co., Ltd.	Ochanomizu Sola City	2,197.68	1.1	_ (Note 4)	Fixed-term building lease agreement

(Note 1) Leased area is equivalent to total floor area of leased space set out in the lease agreements with end-tenants as of February 29, 2016. For the property for which there is a Fixed-type Master Lease Agreement, the leasable area to end-tenants is provided. For Oimachi Redevelopment Building (#1), the figure shows the pro-rata portion of the Investment Corporation's stratified ownership interest in the building (the Investment Corporation's ownership interest: approximately 82.6% co-ownership interest in partial ownership of 12,843.24 m²). For Gate City Ohsaki, the figure shows the pro-rata portion of the Investment Corporation's stratified ownership interest in the property (the Investment

Corporation's ownership interest in office space on the 8th floor of the West Tower office and commercial building: approximately 83.0% co-ownership interest in partial ownership of 4,088.37 m²; retail space from the 1st basement floor to the 3rd floor of the office and commercial building: approximately 2.4% co-ownership interest in partial ownership of 5,609.05 m²) under the lease agreements with master lease companies as of February 29, 2016. For Toranomon First Garden, the figures are equivalent to the Investment Corporation's stratified ownership interest in the building (the Investment Corporation's ownership interest: partial ownership of 5,493.69 m² and approximately 71.1% co-ownership interest in partial ownership of 275.98 m²). For Ochanomizu Sola City, the total leased area shows an amount equivalent to the pro-rata portion of the trust co-ownership interest of property held by the Investment Corporation (13.0%). For the property of which ownership is only for land, the area of the land is provided.

- (Note 2) Figures are rounded to the nearest tenth.
- (Note 3) Form of agreement is the form of agreement described in the lease agreement with the end-tenants as of February 29, 2016
- (Note 4) Items marked with a (minus sign) indicate that the Investment Corporation has not obtained permission from the end-tenant or the relevant party of these properties to disclose the relevant information.
- (Note 5) Under a master lease agreement with Mitsui Fudosan Co., Ltd., the office and commercial building of Gate City Ohsaki is a part of the jointly managed area, and is sub-leased by Mitsui Fudosan Co., Ltd. to third parties.